

SINGLE FIBER FAST ETHERNET SINGLE MODE SFP BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSCEIVERS 100BASE-BX10 LC RECEPTACLE

TRBUFEAxBx000E1G



Product Description

The TRBUFEAxBx000E1G modules are single fiber, bi-directional SFP transceivers that provide a quick and reliable interface for 100BASE-BX10-D/U Fast Ethernet applications.

Three major types of modules are available: the 1310nm Fabry Perot laser-based transceiver (BX10-U), the 1550nm Fabry Perot laser-based transceiver (BX10-D). The transceivers possess option to be integrated with digital diagnostics monitoring, which provides features to detect a problem before system performance is impacted. The diagnostic functions, alarms and warning features are provided via an I²C serial interface as described per the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) document, SFF-8472 (Rev. 9.4).

All modules meet Class 1 Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. and international standards as described in the FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 documents, respectively.

The TRBUFEAxBx000E1G transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration or maintenance changes by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system.

The transceivers have color-coded latches that identify the TX wavelength. The MSA compliant latch offers an easy and convenient way to release the module.

The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC-coupled internally. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided. The transceivers operate from a single +3.3V power supply over an operating case temperature range of -5°C to +70°C or -40°C to +85°C. The package is made of metal for EMI immunity.



Features

- Lead Free Design & RoHS Compliant
- Compatible with SFP MSA
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ah Fast Ethernet 100BASE-BX10
- 1310nm and 1550nm Wavelengths
- Distances up to 10km over Single Mode Fiber
- Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
- Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
- Eye Safe (Class 1 Laser Safety)
- Simplex LC Optical Interface
- 40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature Option
- Excellent EMI & ESD Protection
- Hot-pluggable
- TX Fault & Loss of Signal Outputs
- TX Disable Input
- Single +3.3V Power Supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	- 40	+ 85	°C
Case Operating Temperature ¹	Commercial	- 5	+ 70	°C
	Industrial	- 40	+ 85	
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	0	+ 4.5	V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	0	V_{CC}	V

¹ Measured on top side of SFP module at the front center vent hole of the cage.

Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to $3.47V$)

All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

Parameter			Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Data Rate ¹			B	125+/- 50ppm			Mb/s
Optical Output Power ²			P_O	-14	-	-8	dBm
Center Wavelength	BX-U	1310nm	λ_c	1260	1310	1360	nm
	BX-D	1550nm		1480	1550	1580	
Spectral Width	BX-U	1310nm	$\Delta\lambda_{RMS}$	-	-	7.7	nm
	BX-D	1550nm		-	-	4.6	
Extinction Ratio			ER	6.6	-	-	dB
Optical Modulation Amplitude			OMA	-12.9	-	-	dBm
Optical Output Power of OFF Transmitter			P_{OFF}	-	-	-45	dB
Optical Return Loss Tolerance			$ORLT$	-	-	12	dB
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty			-	-	-	4.5	dB
Transmitter eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4}			{0.18, 0.29, 0.35, 0.35, 0.38, 0.4, 0.55}				UI

¹ Data rate ranges from 50Mb/s to 200Mb/s. However, some degradation may be incurred in overall performance.² Measured average power coupled into single mode fiber. The minimum power specified is at Beginning-of-Life.**Receiver Performance Characteristics** (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to $3.47V$)

All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

Parameter			Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Data Rate			B	125+/- 50ppm			Mb/s
Minimum Input Optical Power (10^{-12} BER) ¹			P_{MIN}	-28.2	-	-	dBm
Receiver Sensitivity as OMA			$P_{OMA, MIN}$	-27.1	-	-	dBm
Maximum Input Optical Power (10^{-12} BER) ¹			P_{MAX}	-8.0	-	-	dBm
LOS Thresholds	Increasing Light Input		P_{los+}	-	-	-29.2	dBm
	Decreasing Light Input		P_{los-}	-45.0	-	-	
LOS Hysteresis ¹			-	0.5	-	-	dB
Wavelength of Operation	BX-U	1550nm	λ	1480	-	1600	nm
	BX-D	1310nm		1260	-	1360	nm
Receiver Reflectance			-	-	-	-12	dB

¹ Data rate ranges from 50Mb/s to 200Mb/s. However, some degradation may be incurred in overall performance.² Specified in average optical input power and measured at 125Mb/s with 2⁷-1 PRBS, and with 1310nm & 1550nm wavelengths.

Note: The specified characteristics are met within the recommended range of operation. Unless otherwise noted typical data are quoted at nominal voltage and +25°C ambient temperature.

Laser Safety:

All transceivers are Class 1 Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

**Oplink Communications, LLC.**

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

This product complies with
21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11**Meets Class 1 Laser Safety Requirements**

Transmitter Electrical Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to $3.47V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage Swing (TD+ & TD-) ¹	$V_{PP-DIFF}$	0.25	-	2.4	V
Input HIGH Voltage (TX Disable) ²	V_{IH}	2.0	-	V_{CC}	V
Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable) ²	V_{IL}	0	-	0.8	V
Output HIGH Voltage (TX Fault) ³	V_{OH}	2.0	-	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault) ³	V_{OL}	0	-	0.8	V

¹ Differential peak-to-peak voltage.
² There is an internal 4.7 to 10kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc.
³ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to 10kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc.

Receiver Electrical Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to $3.47V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Output Voltage Swing (RD+ & RD-) ¹	$V_{PP-DIFF}$	0.6	-	2.0	V
Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) ²	V_{OH}	2.0	-	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Output LOW Voltage (LOS) ²	V_{OL}	0	-	0.5	V

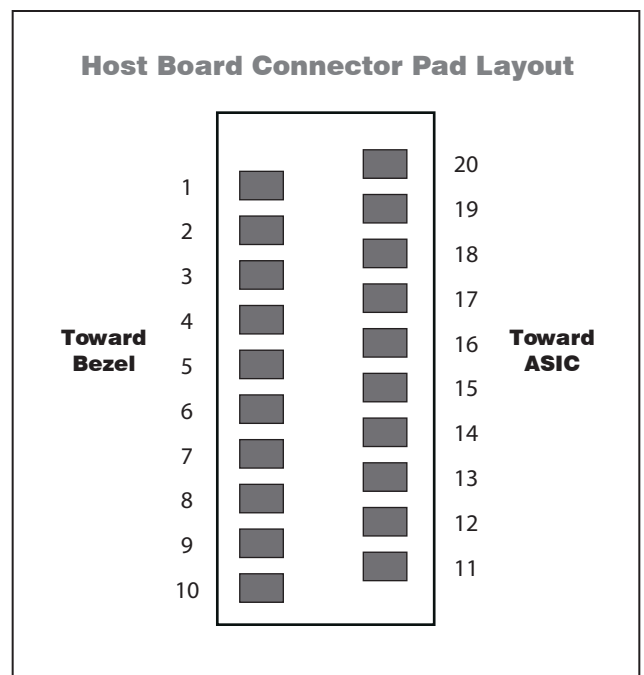
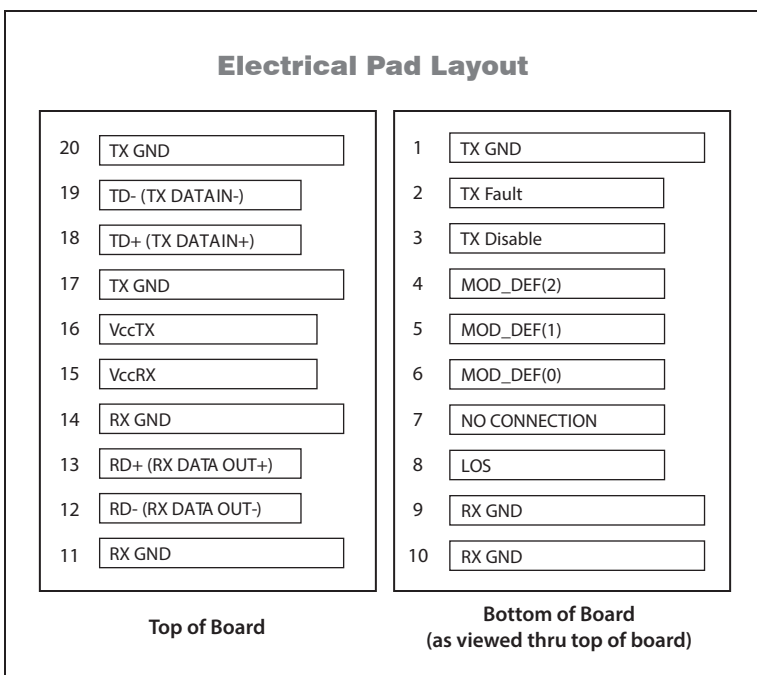
¹ Differential peak-to-peak voltage across external 100Ω load.
² Open collector compatible, 4.7 to 10kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc.

Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to $3.47V$)

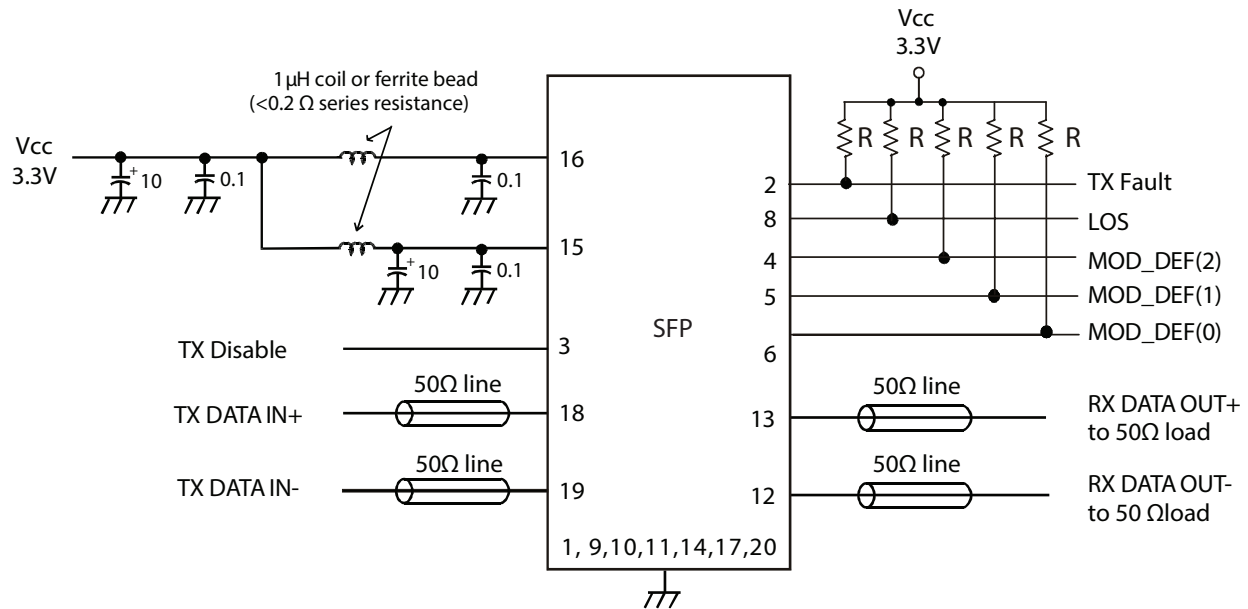
Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Supply Current	I_{CC}	-	-	300	mA

Module Definition

MOD_DEF(0) pin 6	MOD_DEF(1) pin 5	MOD_DEF(2) pin 4	Interpretation by Host
TTL LOW	SCL	SDA	Serial module definition protocol



Example of SFP host board schematic



R: 4.7 to 10kΩ

Application Notes

Electrical interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with 1µF and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - 10kΩ resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

TX_Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - 10kΩ resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).

TX_Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45dBm).

Serial Identification and Monitoring: The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD_DEF(0), MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2). Upon

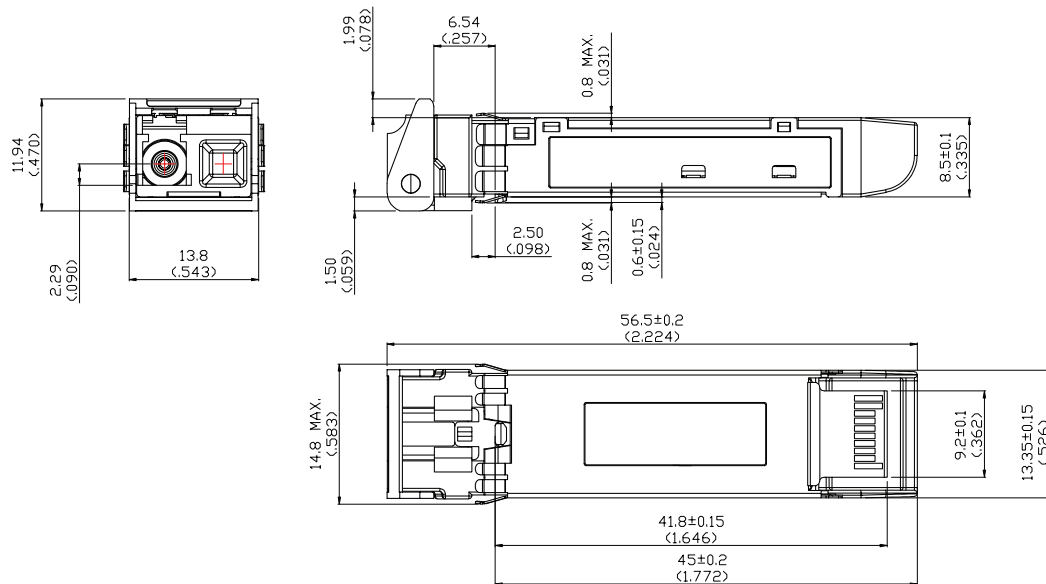
power up, MOD_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD_DEF(0) is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I²C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The negative edge clocks data from the SFP EEPROM.

The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA. EEPROM ID is per SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

Power supply and grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All 0.1µF power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.

Package Outline



NOTE:
(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)
Dimensions in [inches] mm

Ordering Information

Part Number	DDM	Operating Temperature	Latch Color	Nominal Wavelength		Power Budget	Distance ¹
				Tx	Rx		
TRBUFEAUBI000E1G	YES	-40°C to +85°C	Blue	1310nm	1550nm	14.2 dB	10km
TRBUFEADBI000E1G	YES	-40°C to +85°C	Yellow	1550nm	1310nm	14.2 dB	10km
TRBUFEAUBC000E1G	YES	-5°C to +70°C	Blue	1310nm	1550nm	14.2 dB	10km
TRBUFEADBC000E1G	YES	-5°C to +70°C	Yellow	1550nm	1310nm	14.2 dB	10km

¹ The indicated transmission distance is for guidelines only, not guaranteed. The exact distance is dependent on the fiber loss, connector and splice loss, and allocated system penalty. Longer distances can be supported if the optical link power budget is satisfied.